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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| Office Action Summary Examiner | | Application No. | Applicant(s) | | | | |
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| Tuan A Vu A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Exencision drine may be variable under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.135(a). In oward, movemen, may a reply be timely filed after Stx (6) MONTH'S from the analting date of this communication. HO mode to reply is pacied above, the maintenance in the provision of 27 CFR 1.135(a). In oward, movemen, may reply be timely filed after the mailing date of this communication. HO mode to reply is pacied above, the maintenance in additional provision of the provision of the provision of the maintenance in a very later of the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any venture are reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any venture are reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any venture are reply in the provision of the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any venture are replication. Status The action is FINAL. 2b) A This action is provided and the provision of the mailing date of this communication. 2p) This action is FINAL. 2p) This action is condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4) Claim(s) 1-35 is/are pending in the application. 4) Claim(s) 1-35 is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-35 is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-35 is/are allowed. 7) Claim(s) 1-35 is/are allowed. 8) Claim(s) 1-35 is/are allowed. 9) The drawing(s) filed on 1-15 is/are allowed. 10) The drawing(s) filed on | | 09/843,429 | MARSH ET AL. | | | | |
| - The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Estatement of term may is another work to expend the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the mailing date of this communication. Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133), Any reply reversed by the Office blast than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filled, may reduce any same patient term edjectment. See 37 GFR 1.794(9). Status 1) □ Responsive to communication(s) filled on 27 December 2005. 2a) □ This action is FINAL. 2b) □ This action is non-final. 3) □ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4) □ Claim(s) 1-35 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) □ Claim(s) are subjected to by the Examiner. 10) □ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) □ accepted or b) □ objected to by the Examiner. Application Papers 9) □ The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) □ The drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.85(a), Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) □ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) □ Acknowledgment is made of | Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit | | | | |
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| 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) | | , | | | | | |
| 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) Character of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) Other: | 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) | 5) Notice of Informal P | AND ALL AND A SECOND TO A MANAGEMENT OF A SECOND SE | | | | |

DETAILED ACTION

1. This action is responsive to the application filed 12/27/2005.

Claims 1, 15, 23 and 34 have been amended; and claim 35 has been added. Claims 1-35 have been re-submitted for examination.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

2. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

3. Claims 15-22 and 35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter.

Claim 15 recites a system comprising a repository of components, a call controller, and a gateway under the control of the controller to download call service components and to support telecommunications traffic. As garnered from reading the specifications, the repository (i.e. repository 66) can be a file system directory or a database --thus not a machine; the controller can be a softswitch (see pg. 6), thus also software implemented. Further, there is no explicit teaching to put forth that the media gateway (i.e. gateway 24 - as noted in the specifications) is necessarily a physical device or a tangible computer because according to broad interpretation by one skill in the art at the time the invention was made both gateway and controller can be software implemented. The claim does not provide reasonable teaching to enable the interpretation that the above components are tangible apparatuses. Absent any tangible support for embodying the components recited in this system claim, the claim cannot yield a tangible result from this so-recited system. The claim amounts to a mere abstract, non-practical idea according to the following requirement.

The Federal Circuit has recently applied the practical application test in determining whether the claimed subject matter is statutory under 35 U.S.C. § 101. The practical application test requires that a "useful, concrete, and tangible result" be accomplished. An "abstract idea" when practically applied is eligible for a patent. As a consequence, an invention, which is eligible for patenting under 35 U.S.C. § 101, is in the "useful arts" when it is a machine, manufacture, process or composition of matter, which produces a concrete, tangible, and useful result. The test for practical application is thus to determine whether the claimed invention produces a "useful, concrete and tangible result".

Page 3

Hence, the claim is rejected for leading to a non-statutory subject matter; the dependent claims 16-22 are also rejected for not remedying to the non-practical concept deficiency of the base claim.

Claim 35 recites a system comprising a network carrier, media gateways, a controller and a management system. The specifications do not provide clear teaching showing that those components are tangible hardware devices, or articles of manufacture because for one skill in the art at the time of the invention all of them can be perceived as being software implemented, i.e. being supported or embodied by no tangible hardware or device/media. Absent any tangible support for embodying the components recited in this system claim, the claim cannot be construed as being able to yield a tangible result. The claim amounts to a mere abstract, non-practical idea according to the above Practical Application Test requirement.

It is strongly recommended that Applicant provide clarification as to why the recited system components are necessarily implemented in hardware based on the specifications for the rejection thus set forth to be withdrawn.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person

Art Unit: 2193

having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

5. Claims 1-6, 8-19, 21-27, and 29-33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Aravamudan et al., USPN: 6,584,186 (hereinafter Aravamudan), in view of Reifer et al., USPN: 6,421,727 (hereinafter Reifer).

As per claim 1, Aravamudan discloses a method comprising:

retrieving a call service component to a call controller (e.g. servlet 180, applet 175, call coordinator 160 - Fig. 1; col. 10, lines 34 to col. 11, line 17; Fig. 4) in response to a network carrier turns on a service, corresponding to the call service component, for a particular user area (e.g. PSTN/IP, softswitch - col. 7, lines 32-44; in response to a request - col. 11, lines 18 to col 12, line 8 - Note: carrier PSTN and Lucent call coordinator with associated call services read on network carrier service for a particular area covered by SIP and SS7 protocol domains spanned by a namespace), the particular area comprising a plurality of users (e.g. server ... protocol, col. 5, lines 12-20; islands of telephony; namespace to its clients - col. 5, line 62 to col. 6, line 31 -Note: a server maintaining a protocol and representing a namespace to be followed by an islands of telephony clients via a gateway control reads on particular area covering a plurality of users); and

using the call service component to support telecommunication traffic to or from a gateway under control of the call controller (e.g. col. 12, line 40 to col. 13, line 20; Fig. 4).

But Aravamudan does not explicitly teach downloading of the call service component; however, discloses that the applet ("feature applets") can be obtained (loaded and executed) from a network (e.g. loaded ... on the fly ... anywhere from the network ... vendor -col. 7, lines 5-18). Hence, the concept of downloading is strongly implied. Downloaling of Java components to

Application/Control Number: 09/843,429

help execute method for servicing end user calls is further taught in Reifer's system using gateway in conjunction of service providers to download code into a controller communicating with gateway (Fig. 9; col. 9, li. 29 to col. 10, line 27). In case Aravamudan does not already teach downloading, it would have been obvious for one skill in the art at the time the invention was made to implement Aravamudan's controller executing the service component so that it have capability to download applet from a external provider or code repository as shown by Reifer because this concept of retrieving ready made code, like a applet or servlet, via download from remote source was a known concept at the time the invention was made, a concept strongly implied by Aravamudan's above teachings and because it takes advantage of Browser utilities to effect the download as evidenced by Reifer, thus optimizing resource usages (col. 8, lines 16-40).

As per claim 2, Aravamudan does not explicitly teach dynamic downloading; but Reifer teaches downloading during a browser session as shown in claim 1; hence teaches dynamically downloading the call service component when a network carrier turns on a service, corresponding to the call service component. Hence, it would have been obvious for one skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide such dynamic loading of call service components as taught by Reifer to Aravamudan because of the browser intensive nature of the PTSN integration service by Reifer using Java based components also as taught Aravamudan (session col. 8, lines 59-65), which entails a connection activated on the basis of one user's request and a session thereof cannot be interrupted for the mere fact of downloading service programs, and this is provided via Reifer's teaching.

As per claim 3, Aravamudan discloses dynamically removing the call service component from the call controller (e.g. call takedown, disconnect command – col 11, lines 45-65).

Page 6

As per claim 4, Aravamudan does not explicitly disclose that the call service component uses a half-call model that views a call either as an originating or a terminating segment of the call; but in view of the 2 sides of a call (e.g. Fig. 1; col. 6, lines 10-62 – Note: the use of gateways to address each end of a network communication implicitly discloses 2 segments of a call, i.e. the source side and a destination side), this half-call model is disclosed.

As per claim 5, Aravamudan (see col. 9, lines 8-17) in combination with Reifer (see Fig. 6-7) discloses or has rendered obvious, according to the rationale as set forth in claim 2 above, downloading the call service component from a central repository.

As per claim 6, Aravamudan does not specifically disclose that each segment of the call handles service and access protocols according to a previously downloaded call service component with which the segment is associated. But in view of the teaching of the double side (re claim 4) of a call establishing as shown via Fig. 1-5, the use of the applet being selected in Fig. 4 for handling the segment of the 2-sided call event is implicitly disclosed (e.g. col. 9, line 66 to col. line 17).

As per claim 8, Aravamudan does not explicitly disclose downloading the call service occurs while the call controller is operational and supporting live traffic, the call service being downloaded without disrupting the live traffic. But in view of the rationale of claim 2, this limitation would have been obvious for the same rationale as set forth therein.

Art Unit: 2193

As per claim 9, Aravamudan discloses an application component for implementing call behavior (e.g. Fig. 2-3; col. 8, line 27 to col. 9, line 7 – Note: implementing a call according to a tree of events reads on call behavior).

As per claim 10, Aravamudan discloses a resource component for providing access to telephony resources (col. 9, lines 8-17; col. 10, lines 12-27; col. 11, lines 12-17) by an application component that implements call behavior.

As per claim 11, Aravamudan (combined with Reifer) discloses establishing a call having an originating segment that uses the call service component downloaded to the call controller by virtue of the rationale as set forth in claim 4.

As per claim 12, Aravamudan does not explicitly disclose that the call service component downloaded to the call controller represents a first call type, and wherein the call has a terminating segment that represents a different call type while the downloading of components has been rendered obvious as in claim 1. Aravamudan discloses the PTSN islands/namespaces specific to a certain protocol in the scheme of the 2 sides on a call (col. 5, lines 1-20; col. 6, lines 10-33) and selecting of a component for such context (col. 7, lines 48-59; Fig. 3). Hence the limitation of a first call type relating to a downloaded applet and a different call type relating to another applet being downloaded is implicitly disclosed or, if not, would have been obvious in view of the rationale to download components using the teaching by Reifer as above.

As per claim 13, the limitation as to establishing a call having a terminating segment that uses the call service component downloaded to the call controller would have been the counterpart of the first type of call as mentioned in claim 12; hence would be rejected using the same rationale as set forth above.

As per claim 14, this claim correspond to the counterpart of claim 12 and represent the opposite end of the first type of call as recited therein; hence would be rejected using the same rationale as set forth above.

As per claim 15, Aravamudan discloses a telecommunication system comprising: a repository of call service components; a call controller; and a gateway under control of the call controller (e.g. server, coordinator - Fig. 1; col. 9, lines 8-17);

wherein the call controller is configured for retrieving a call service component from the repository (Fig. 4; col. 9, lines 8-17) in response to a network carrier turns on a service, corresponding to the call service component, for a particular user area (e.g. *PSTN/IP*, *softswitch* - col. 7, lines 32-44; *in response to a request* - col. 11, lines 18 to col. 12, line 8), the particular area comprising a plurality of users (e.g. *server ...protocol*, col. 5, lines 12-20; *islands of telephony; namespace to its clients* - col. 5, line 62 to col. 6, line 31); and

using the call service component to support telecommunication traffic to or from the gateway (e.g. servlet 180, applet 175, call coordinator 160 – Fig. 1; col. 10, lines 34 to col. 11, line 17; col. 12, line 40 to col. 13, line 20; Fig. 4).

But Aravamudan does not explicitly teach downloading of the call service component.

This limitation has been addressed in claim 1 above.

As per claim 16, Aravamudan does not explicitly discloses that the call controller is configured for dynamically downloading the call service. But this limitation has been addressed in claim 2 above.

As per claims 17, 18, 19, these claims correspond to claims 3-4, 6, respectively; hence are rejected with the corresponding rejection as set forth therein.

Art Unit: 2193

As per claim 21, refer to the rationale as set forth in claim 8.

As per claim 22, this claim recites the limitations of claims 9 and 10; hence is rejected with the corresponding cited portions as set forth therein.

As per claim 23, Aravamudan discloses an article comprising a computer-readable medium storing computer-readable instructions for causing a computer system to:

retrieve a particular call service component from a repository of call service components in response to a network carrier turns on a service, corresponding to the call service component, for a particular user area, the particular area comprising a plurality of users (e.g. server ...protocol, col. 5, lines 12-20; islands of telephony; namespace to its clients - col. 5, line 62 to col. 6, line 31); and

use the particular call service component to support telecommunication traffic to or from a gateway under control of a call controller; all of these limitations having been rejected with Aravamudan with the corresponding cited portions as set forth in claim 1.

But Aravamudan does not explicitly teach downloading of the call service component.

This limitation has been addressed in claim 1 above.

As per claims 24-26 and 27, 29-31, these claims correspond to claims 2-4, and 6, 8-10, respectively; hence are rejected with the corresponding rejection as set forth therein

As per claim 32, this claim recites the limitations of claim 11 and claim 5; hence is rejected with the corresponding cited portions as set forth therein.

As per claim 33, this claim recites the limitations of claim 13 and claim 5; hence is rejected with the corresponding cited portions as set forth therein.

Art Unit: 2193

line 30 to col. 4, line 39);

6. Claims 34 and 35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Reifer et al., USPN: 6,421,727; further in view Guheen et al., USPN: 6,957,186 (hereinafter Guheen).

As per claim 34, Reifer discloses a method comprising:

dynamically downloading a call service component to a call controller (e.g. Fig. 9; col. 9, li. 29 to col. 10, line 27) when a network carrier turns on a service, corresponding to the call service component, for a particular user area comprising a plurality of users (e.g. col. 3, lines 42-67 – Note: satellite 'cells', LAC read on a particular area covering plurality of users); and using the call service component to support telecommunication traffic to or from a gateway under control of the call controller (e.g. MXU, MSC, EIR, MOC, GMS, HLR - col. 3,

dynamically removing the call service component from the call controller (e.g. end of a call – col. 4, lines 32-39; deactivation – col. 9 lines 7-14).

But Reifer does not explicitly disclose wherein the service component comprises a set of core functions surrounded by a wrapper, the set of core functions provides functionality associated with the service component, and the wrapper supports the dynamic downloading. In a network-based development framework to service requests similar to the SPNet Java-based service by Reifer, Guheen discloses Java applet being downloaded analogous to Reifer (see Reifer: col. 9-10) and further discloses a Java Dynamic Management Kit (e.g. col. 18, lines 24-46) for effecting such applet deployment; and further discloses wrapper to protect reusable code being distributed from being affected to/from different sources or insecure transmission environments. In view of Reifer's download scheme in which security via Gateway and Script execution (see Reifer col. 9-10) are used as validation/policy enforcing methods, it would have

Art Unit: 2193

been obvious to protect the downloaded packages so that the scripts be implemented as wrappers instead effect the execution of the installation/download according to Guheen's intention on not letting the untrusted environment affect the core code or package content (see Guheen: col. 19, lines 42-56). At the time the invention was made, one skill in the art would be motivated to enhance Reifer's Java download and execution framework into a JDMK among other Java tools as shown by Guheen because of the many support Java Packages were available at the time to be used, particularly when the availability of tools for business request fulfillment as intended by Reifer and Guheen would have alleviated resources that would demand code to be rewritten.

As per claim 35, Reifer discloses a system comprising:

a network carrier;

a plurality of media gateways associated with the network carrier (Fig. 1, 4);

a call controller adapted to control a first one of the media gateways (e.g. MSC 310 - Fig.

3);

a management system associated with the call controller, wherein the management system is adapted to:

direct dynamic downloading of a service component to the call controller (e.g. Fig. 9; col. 9, li. 29 to col. 10, line 27) through a Java-based service (e.g. *SPNet* service, Fig. 9) when the network carrier turns on a new service for the plurality of media gateways (Fig. 1, 4; col. 3, lines 52-67), and

control configuration of the first media gateway and the call controller; wherein the call controller is adapted to use service component to support telecommunication traffic to or from the first media gateway (e.g. MXU, MSC, EIR, MOC, GMS, HLR - col. 3, line 30 to col. 4, line

Art Unit: 2193

39- Note: in conjunction with Switching center MSC, the EIR and GMS with the VLR/HLR manage the control for communications between first Home Gateway and other Visiting Gateways, thus this <u>reads on</u> both control configuration and call controller), and

wherein the management system is adapted to dynamically remove the service component when the call controller no longer requires the service component (e.g. end of a call – col. 4, lines 32-39; deactivation – col. 9 lines 7-14).

But Reifer does not particularly teach that the service for downloading is a Java Dynamic Management Kit (JDMK) framework; nor does Reifer explicitly disclose wherein the service component comprises a set of core functions surrounded by a wrapper, the set of core functions provides functionality associated with the service component, and the wrapper supports the dynamic downloading. In a network-based development framework to service requests similar to the SPNet Java-based service by Reifer, Guheen discloses Java applet being downloaded analogous to Reifer (see Reifer: col. 9-10) and further discloses a Java Dynamic Management Kit (e.g. col. 18, lines 24-46) for effecting such applet deployment; and further disclose wrapper to protect reusable code being distributed from being affected to/from different sources or insecure transmission channel. In view of Reifer's download scheme in which security via Gateway and Script execution (see Reifer col. 9-10) as validation methods, it would have been obvious to protect the downloaded packages so that the scripts be implemented as wrappers instead effect the execution of the installation/download according to Guheen's intention on not letting the untrusted environment affect the core code or package content (see Guheen: col. 19, lines 42-56). At the time the invention was made, One skill in the art would be motivated to use such wrapper code because of the reasons as set forth in claim 34 above.

Application/Control Number: 09/843,429 Page 13

Art Unit: 2193

7. Claims 7, 20, and 28 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Aravamudan et al., USPN: 6,584,186 and Reifer et al., USPN: 6,421,727, as applied to claims 4, 18, 23, respectively; further in view Guheen et al., USPN: 6, 957,186.

As per claim 7, Aravamudan does not disclose a wrapper surrounding a set of core functions, wherein the wrapper supports dynamic downloading of the component to the call controller. Both Aravamudan and Reifer disclose security controllers and gateways, with Reifer further exhibiting security features such as data auditing or rejecting and data package and data reformatting by gateways (col. 6, line 11 to col. 7, line 53). This security feature is furthered by Guheen's use code wrapper to effect the deployment of Java code being distributed into heterogeneous environments wherein the risk of unwanted alteration to the Java package would be of concern. Hence, it would have been obvious for one skill in the art at the time the invention was made to implement a wrapper to the process of transmitting service components as mentioned by Aravamudan's method so that received components and deployment thereof via the well-known gateway concept as by Avaramudan/Reifer can further benefit from encapsulation or protection of data via the refitting or format encapsulating of deliverable code and control code (like deployment scripts by Reifer) under wrapper format. One skill in the art would be motivated to use such wrapper code because of the reasons as set forth in claim 35 above.

As per claims 20 and 28, these claim recite the limitations of claim 7; hence are rejected with the corresponding cited portions as set forth therein.

Response to Arguments

Art Unit: 2193

- 8. Applicant's arguments filed 12/27/2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Following are the Examiner's observations in regard thereto.
- Applicants have submitted that the cited portions of Aravamudan teach nothing about (A) downloading a call service component in response to a network carrier turning on a service ... for a particular user area comprising a plurality of users' (Appl. Rmrks, pg. 10, 1st 2 para) The rejection has put forth Aravamudan's portions teaching the carrier network being a PSTN/IP network including POTS, SS7, IP network and gateways and softswitch (as mentioned in the argument), among others; and that the service (turned onto by the carrier network) includes the call coordinator using a SS7 namespace covering a user area; and show further existence of a plurality of users for a particular service area under a common protocol viewed via a namespace and a gateway servicing clients calls. The portion recited as 'turning on a service for a particular service area comprising a plurality of users' has been interpreted as a call request perceived via Aravamudan's namespace or protocol-bound gateway using its integral policy-driven software components to fulfill the call for a particular domain controlled under such Gateway or namespace, hence a covering of more than one user. The claim does not provide specificity in terms how this <u>service area</u> limitation is implemented in a way so to enable the limitation to distinguish from the cited parts from Aravamudan as set forth. The argument appear to allege that the references do not teach or suggest a claimed invention without pointing out specifics as to how the language of the claims patentably distinguishes over the prior art; hence Applicants have not fulfilled the responsibility incumbent to the Applicants as set forth in CFR §1.111, which to point out the specific distinctions believed to have rendered the claims patentable over any applied references.

Art Unit: 2193

As for the downloading of a call service component being raised via Applicants' (B) argument that none of this is taught by Aravamudan or Reifer (e.g. Appl. Rmrks, pg. 10, 3rd para), the rejection as set forth a rationale as to render this obvious, has used Reifer in addition to Aravamudan's disclosure to fulfill the limitation. Aravamudan's method is for fulfilling a call request with the teaching of a feature applet being loaded to execute a call request; and provide evidence of getting such feature applets via network vendors. Because of Aravamudan's loading is not explicitly stated as a download process, the effect of loading from a network would be similar to or suggestive of a download. The Reifer reference is used to evidence that such network retrieval of Java code was a known process and/or can be a security-controlled download process in, say, a browser session. The Reifer reference is by no means applied to again provide teaching of a call service component, a limitation that Aravamudan already has met. And since the rejection is a USC 103(a) any rebut to the rationale thereof has to take into consideration the combined teachings. In response to applicant's arguments against the references individually, one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references. See In re Keller, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981); In re Merck & Co., 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986).

Page 15

(C) The remaining arguments (Appl. Rmrks, pg. 11) are not specific to any particular applied teachings cited from the references or fall under the ambit of the subject matter being tended to in sections B or A above. Hence, they are not persuasive.

Therefore, the claims stand rejected as set forth in the Office Action.

Conclusion

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Tuan A Vu whose telephone number is (272) 272-3735. The examiner can normally be reached on 8AM-4:30PM/Mon-Fri.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kakali Chaki can be reached on (571)272-3719.

The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-3735 (for non-official correspondence – please consult Examiner before using) or 571-273-8300 (for official correspondence) or redirected to-customer service at 571-272-3609.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the TC 2100 Group receptionist: 571-272-2100.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Tuan A Vu

Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2193 January 20, 2005